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-amateur Radio

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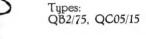
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Screen Grid Valves

Amateur Transmitters



CCREEN GRID Transmitting Valves for 15 and 75 watts have been designed by Philips specially for use by amateurs. These valves have very important properties, as a result of which the construction and adjustment of the transmitter can be greatly simplified. trol-grid and anode of these valves are screened

quarter of actual size

from each other by a screen-grid, thus reducing anode-control grid capacity to a minimum. When used as H.F. amplifier or frequency multiplier in controlled transmitters there is practically no reaction of the anode circuit on the grid circuit, and self-oscillation is impossible with screening outside the valve. Neutralisation is unnecessary, so it is very easy to alter the wave-length at short notice. These screen-grid valves give greater amplification than triodes under the same conditions.

Table A shows the various electrical properties of the Philips amateur transmitting valves:-

CLIADACTEDISTICS.

CHARACTERISTICS.		
Table A. Type.	Screen Grid QC 05/15.	Valves QB 2/75
Filament Voltage	4.0	10.0
Filament current*	1	3.25
Saturation current*	400	2,000
Anode voltage	400-500	2,000
Screen grid voltage	75-125	300-500
Max. anode dissipation	15	75
Anode dissipation on test	20	100
Max. screen grid dissipation	8	15
Amplification factor*	225	200
Mutual conductance (slope)*	1.4	1.4
Int. resistance*	160,000	150,000
Anode-grid capacity	.091	.02
Max. diam. of bulb	50	100
Max length		210
* Annrovimate values		





Editorial

Probably the most often occurring item on all Federal Convention agendas since their inception is the matter of 'phone on the high frequency bands. No definite solution has ever been found, and as amateur radio grows older the subject becomes more complex. The activity of the key puncher increases daily, and it is high time that we took steps to establish some agreement to the mutual benefit of all concerned.

Both the 'phone and key men have equal rights on all bands, but the argument mainly lies on what interference each is capable of creating. We all know that telephony occupies a far wider channel than telegraphy, and because its carrier is continually on the air, there can be no doubt that the former is the more selfish of the two. The quality side of the 'phone signal plays a great part in the minds of those who are not in favor of short wave 'phone. In Australia one can count on one's hand the number of high quality-fidelity 'phone stations operating on the 3.5, 7, and 14 mc bands that are really worth listening to. The rest of them are simply utter trash, and one would think that when Heising modulation is being used the plate, grid, and power supply were being modulated at the same time. Then again there is the man who spends hours taking up a large slice of the band talking to some lad 5 miles away, and both are using 60 watts. It is not a fair thing. outcome of it is that the key puncher gets his back up when all his DX is being blotted out, and he has to content himself listening to tinny waxed music, or some chap making wierd noises by whistling down the mike. It is a wonder this sort of thing has not led to a murder or two. The next step taken by the DX-key man is to park a beautiful AC note as near on top of the 'phone man as possible as a form of revenge, so leading to hopeless QRM. So the game goes on. The part that breaks the key man's heart is when he is participating in a contest. He doesn't mind the 'phone man jabbering away during the quiet periods, but there is a time and place for everything, and during DX hours is no time for local 'phone rag-chews.

Some, bitten by the 'phone bug, surely carry it too far when it comes to the continuous playing of records for hours on the HFs. Who is getting the enjoyment out of it? ONE man, and nobody else. If we want a musical entertainment, what is wrong with the commercial stations? We say again that 'phone' is all right when used with discretion, but the utter selfishness, consciously or unconsciously, displayed by some of the gang is beyond words. The line must be drawn somewhere, and we, the W.I.A., as the controlling body of the amateur in Australia, should find a way out of the trouble.

What is left for us? We could vote 'phone out completely on these frequencies if we don't want it, but that would not be a happy way out. Nobody is against the man who is honestly TRYING and not PLAYING. Possibly 99 per cent. of the local ragchews are local, and have we not got bands that are tailored to order for this purpose? What is wrong with 56 or 112 megacycles? These channels were created for some reason, and we are not putting them to their best use. Why, the gear and power necessary to make a station there are half that wanted for the lower frequencies.

One of the greatest steps ever taken by the W.I.A. would be to encourage activity on the UHFs, and relieve the terrible congestion on 7 and 3.5 me leands. These bands are ideal for a local rag-chew. Let us get this selfish spirit out of our blood and all try and do something for our own benefit. Do not wait for the other man to move to 5 metres—he'll go down there just the same if he has the genuine ham spirit.

Amateur Phone Modulation

Ilcising Method Explained By A. E. Stevens, VK6BN, President, W.I.A., W.A. Division,

Modulation can be effected on the last stage handling high power, or it can be effected on a smaller valve, followed by successive stages of amplification. In the former case, the difficulty of handling large amounts of audio power in circuits containing iron cove chokes, etc., has to be considered but in the case of the amateur set this difficulty does not arise, as over 25 watts or so will not cause serious concern.

Constant Current System.

The Heising system is often referred to as a "Constant Current System." This is in theory, but in practice this does not work out 100 per cent., as will be seen later.

With Heising modulation, the positive H.T. supply flows through the iron co-e choke, and divides between the anode circuit of the modulator valve and the anode circuit of the modulated valve. The current does not necessarily divide equally, as the modulator valve usually draws more current than the modulated valve.

The modulator valve is a plain power audio amplifier of the class "A" type, preceded by one or two audio stages as sub-modulation. These valves are biassed in the same manner as ordinary audio amplifiers; that is, to the centre point of the straight section of the characteristic

The permissible grid swing is determined by the length of the straight portion, so the modulator valve should have as long a straight characteristic as possible, when the audio currents reach the modulator grid, the grid potential will be swung on either side of its mean valve. This will cause the plate current to vary. When the modulator plate current increases, it draws more current from the common H.T. supply, but the self induction of the iron core choke opposes any sudden increase of current through it. This means that the extra current must be obtained from another source.

and this can only be obtained from the modulated valve.

The current on this tube is decreased by the same amount that the modulator current increases. Similarly, when the Modulator plate current decreases, the self-induction of the choke prevents any sudden decrease of current, so that the modulated valve takes more current. It will therefore be seen that, when the modulated valve takes more current is swinging up and down during the process of modulation, the plate current of the modulated valve is also going through the same variation.

This causes the amplitude of the R.F. carrier to vary above and below its mean unmodulated valve, or, in others words, the carrier is modulated by the audio frequency input. The foregoing describes briefly the action of Heising Modulation, and I will now endeavor to explain the difference between theory and practice as regards constant current.

The fact is that the Heising system is not really a perfect constant current system, as currents do flow through the choke at audio frequencies. and all the variations of the modulator plate current are not transferred to the modulator valve.

The iron co e choke is not possessed of an infinite impedance; that is, it is not a perfect block to audio frequency currents. Its impedance varies with the frequency, and it is found in practice that to secure good modulation at low frequencies, it is necessary to connect a large capacity condenser between the positive H.T. supply side of the choke, and the negative H.T. Four microfarads will be satisfactory, This is generally provided as the output filter condenser. If in use, no extra capacity will be necessary. is obvious if no audio currents flowed through the choke it would not matter what was behind the choke.

Use of Radio Frequency Chokes,

R. F. chokes are essential in the H.T. plate leads, etc., on the modulated valves, and preferably on the modulator, to prevent any radio frequency getting back into the audio channels. Place them as near to the plates as possible. It will be seen that 100 per cent, modulation is not possible with the standard Heising scheme. Complete modulation means varying the carrier amplitude from zero to twice its normal value, which means that it is necessary to swing the plate voltage of the modulated valve from zero to twice its mean value. This can only be done if the modulator valve plate voltage varies from zero to twice its mean value, An audio amplifier cannot be operated in such a way as to have the plate voltage going down to zero on every It cannot be operated off the cycle. straight portion of its characteristic without causing distortion. with the fact that currents do flow through the choke at audio frequencies, and all the variations of the modulator valve does not reach the modulated valves, it is obvious that 100 per cent, modulation is not possible with the standard Heising method, and some modification is necessary to secure more complete modulation.

100 Per Cent, Modulation,

To secure 100 per cent, modulation, several factors must be taken into account. As previously explained, the D.C. flows through the choke, and divides between the anodes of the modulator and modulated valve. The D.C. resistance of the choke is very low, but the inductance is high. There is very little D.C. voltage drop in the choke, and the maximum H.T. is applied to the plates of the valves. If we apply modulation to the grid of the modulator, plate current will vary. These variations in plate current are equivalent to super imposing alternating currents on the steady D.C. plate current. This A.C. flowing through the choke will cause an A.C. volt drop across the choke. This building up of an A.C. voltage drop across the choke will cause the voltage on the modulated valve to vary, and modulate the carrier. It is the A.C. volt drop across the choke that causes the D.C. supply to the modulated valve to vary, and it will be seen that the lower we make the impedances of the modulator valve and the D.Ç. supply, the greater the depth of modulation we can apply.

Meeting the Volt Drop.

The volt drop is across the whole circuit filament to plate, and, as all is in series, the lower we can make the internal resistance or impedance in the H.T. supply and valves, the greater the fail across the choke. Ohms Law governing fail of potential explains this. To effect this, we can do several things. Use a low impedance modulator valve, and a H.T. supply that has a low internal resistance. A 4 microfarad condenser connected across behind the choke to the negative H.T. provides a low impedance path back to filament, and bypasses the internal impedance of the H.T. supply. As beforementioned, this is usually fitted in the outfit of the filter, and no other is required.

Calculating Impedance,

We will see what the impedances will work out using, say, a 50 hency choke and a 4 microfarad condenser. The impedance of the choke (50 H.) is, say, at 100 cycles:—

Z = 2 P; $f L = 6.28 \times 100 \times 50 = 31400 ohms.$

In the case of the 4 m.f. condenser. the impedance at the same frequency is:—

$$Z = \frac{1}{2 \text{ Pi f C}}$$

In the formula above, the units are cycles and farads, and as C is in microfarads, in this instance it is necessary to convert.

$$Z = \frac{2 \text{ Pi f C 10}^{6}}{1 = \frac{1}{6.28 \times 100 \times 4 \times .000001}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{.002512} = 398 \text{ ohms.}$$

As the reactance of a condenser is always highest at the lowest frequency, I have taken 100 cycles for my example. At 1000 cycles it would be 39 ohms, so it will be seen that the impedance is very low at speech and music frequencies. Now we have all our impedances in series between plate and filament. Say 2000 for the valve, 31,400 for the choke, and 398 or less for the condenser. It does not require much knowledge to see where the greatest volt drop will be, and the lower we can get the first and last factors the greater the percentage of modulation. If the internal impedance of the modulator valve is, say, 12,000 ohms, then the volt drop across the choke would only be about two-thirds. The importance of low impedance modulator valves is apparent. When the current through the choke is increased, it will cause the self-induced voltage to be built up. When the modulator plate current increases, the magnetic flux in the choke also increases. This flux generates a voltage in opposition to the main voltage on the modulator. Similarly, when the modulator plate current decreases, the self induction of the choke will oprose this decrease by generating an E.M.F. which will add to the H.T. supply, and raise the voltage on the modulated amplifier plate. It will be seen that what we need to do is to set up as high an A.C. voltage drop across the choke as possible. The permissible grid swing on the modulator is about equal to the negative grid tias applied.

Adhere to Valve Ratings.

Grid currents must not flow. extremely necessary that the voltages recommended by the makers be adhered to both for H.T. and bias. A slight overload of H.T., with correponding grid bias, is permissible, but less H.T. and bias limits the grid swing to a much lower value, and the valve is easily overloaded. The A.C. in the circuit will be—

U × V g

$$C = \frac{\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{v} \mathbf{g}}{\mathbf{g}}$$

Ra + 2m Where U = implification factor of modulator valve.

Where Zm = impedance of modulator valve.

Where Vg = grid bias.

Where Ra = Resistance of modulated amplifier.

(H.T. divided by plate current = res. in ohms.)

The A.C. flowing through the modulated amplifier will give an A.C. drop in voltage of-

$$V = \frac{U \times Vg}{RA + Zm} \times Ra$$

The modulated amplifier has a D.C. plate voltage normally, and the A.C voltage superimposed will cause this voltage to rise and fall above and below its mean value. This causes ow its mean value. Ins causes variation of the carrier. If this applied A.C. voltage is equal to the applied D.C., it will assist and double the potential in one direction, and oppose and reduce to zero in the other direction. This variation from zero to double normal value, will give 100 per cent, variation to the carrier. To do this we must be able to generate the A.C. voltage across the choke equal to the applied D.C.

Modulation Percentage.

We will now take a case where two similar valves are used, one for modulator and one for the modulated valve. We will assume the characteristics are as follows:-

Plate volts, 1000.

Plate current, .1. Impedance (A.C.), 9000 ohms.

Amp. factor, 10. Bias, 50 volts.

Resistance of modulated amplifier D.C. volts

The A.C. =
$$C = \frac{U \times Vg}{M}$$
 and the

lated amplifier equals
$$V = \frac{0 \times Vg}{Ra + Zm}$$

10 × 50

$$\times \text{ Ra} = \frac{10 \times 50}{10,000 + 9000} \times 10,000 = 263 \text{ volts.}$$

Therefore the normal D.C. voltage on the amplifier will be a swing of 263 volts above and below the mean voltage. This gives a percentage of 263 × 100

This low percentage is due to the fact that the impedance of the modulator is too high, and not permitting enough variation over the choke, which is in series as before mentioned.

We will now try another valve of lower impedance. Plate volts, 1000, and the plate current on modulated amplifier, .1 amp; Zm of modulator, 2000 ohms; and amp. factor, U5. Bias, Vg, 100 volts. We will now have

$$C = \frac{U \times V_g}{10,000 + 2000} \times 10,000 = \frac{5 \times 100}{10,000} \times 10,000 = 416 \text{ volts.}$$

12,000

416 x 100 = 41.6 per Percentage = -

1000

cent.

This is an improvement, but still not 100 per cent.

Raising Percentage.

Impedances of modulator valves are limited, so we must look around to see what can be done to raise the percentage. More than half the carrier is going to waste, and for 'phone work we want to eliminate wastage as far as possible. It is far better to have a weaker carrier fully modulated than to have a strong one only half modulated. To retain the maxi-mum power of the modulated ampli-fier and 100 per cent. modulation, it will be necessary to use a more powerful modulator valve using a higher plate voltage. As this voltage is common to both modulator and modulated valve, a resistance is placed in series with the lead to the modulated valve to drop the voltage on its plate to normal. This resistance is then shunted with a condenser of about 4 microfarads. The reactance of this condenser at speech and music frequencies is negligible. Although this resistance causes a drop in the D.C. voltage on the plate of the modulated valve, the superimposed audio frequency from the modulator can pass easily to swing the plate voltage of the modulated amplifier. It is now possible to increase the modulation, as the following example will show. We will make the resistance equal to, say, 10,000 ohms, and adjust the plate current to .1 as before. By doing this, the voltage on the modulated valve will be reduced by half. The A.C. will be:-

$$C = \frac{5 \times 100}{5000 + 2000} \times 5000 = \frac{500 \times 5000}{7000}$$
= 357 volts.
(Ra. of modulated valve = 500 ÷ .1

= 5000 ohms.) The percentage modulation is this 357

× 100 = 71 per cent. This 500

means that the carrier amplitude has been reduced on account of the reduction in H.T., but the depth of modulation has been increased from 41 to 71 per cent. Where the modulated amplifier is the final stage, this reduced amplitude may be regarded as serious, but when one considers that a strong carrier with little modulation is not of much use is it not preferable to reduce it and give the modulation a chance? When it is all said and done it is the voice you want, not the squeal. If the modulated valve is followed by R.F. amplifiers, a great improvement is effected as they are actuated by a much higher level of audio excitation with a corresponding greater output. Boiled down, it amounts to this: If you want high percentage of modulation you must employ a modulator valve of low impedance, taking a H.T. voltage greater than the modulated valve, a high inductance in choke, and use a resist-ance to drop the H.T. on the modu-lated valve. Usual method of using two similar valves can only give low percentages.

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Federal Convention

MINUTES OF THE 11th ANNUAL PEDERAL CONVENTION OF THE WIRELESS INSTITUTE OF AUSTRALIA.

Held at Hobart, Tasmania, 28th Jan. to 30th Jan., 1935. By G. B. Ragless, FPO.

NOTE —The "Official Minutes" of the Convention occupy 15 pages of foolean, and, on account of the question of space, could not be published fully. This report does not set the various subjects out in detail, but any member may, by getting in louch with his Divisional Secretary, peruse the "Official Minutes," and thus obtain a cleurer idea of the discussions and decisions of the "Convention.

vention."

Convention opened at 9.30 p.m. on Saturday, 26th January, with following Saturday, 26th January, with following Pitchford (S.A.), J. G. Marsland (Vic.), H. M. Moorhouse (Tas.), J. N. O'Dea (prox.), G.A.), Wert Liebert (prox.), F. F. Wells (Recording Sec.), and approximately 30 members of the Taslandar Division. (S.A.) and Mr. Moorhouse (Tas.) were nominated for the position of chairman, in the absence of the Federal President, Mr. Moorhouse

the Federal Fresident, ar. Moornouse being elected.

The minutes of the 10th Annual Con-vention were read and confirmed.

Discussion ensued regarding hours of meeting, and additional items for the Agenda, the meeting adjourning at

10.30 p.m.
The second session of the Convention opened at 7.30 p.m., 27th January, with all the previous delegates and officers

present.
The balance sheet and books of the Federal Executive were examined, and, on the motion of Mr. O'Dea (Qld.), sec-onded by Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), were

onded by Mr. Pitchford (8.A.), were accepted.

Septed.

**Comparison of the Mr. Moore (N.S.W.) that it be recorded in the minutes the approval of the excellent handling of the Federal artists by the lett VF. September 1997.

Moore (N.S.W.), moved that the P.M.G. Department be approached by the Federal Council with a view to have the proper of giving the Divisional Councils of the Institute power to control and prevent unsatisfactory transmissions, and that the method of control be outlined by the Federal Executive. Carried unani-

mously. "Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), seconded by Mr. Of Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), seconded by Mr. Oppertment be approached by a representative of the Federal Council, with the view that all applications for mobile and portable licences be recommended by the Divisional Councils.—Carried, Mr. Marsland (Vic.) not votagried, Mr. Marsland (Vic.) not votage. ing.

Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), seconded by Mr. O'Dea (Qid.), moved an amendment that the word representative be made representatives. — Carried, Mr. Marsand (Vic.), not voting.

Mr. Marsland (Vic.), seconded by Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), moved that ht.M.G.'s Department be approached and asked to tighten up and approve existing regulations, with a view to regulations, with a view to remain the second of the s not voting.

not voting.

Mr. Marsland (Vic.), seconded by Mr.

O'Dea (Qid.), moved that the P.M.G.'s

Department be asked to empower the

Department be asked to empower the

mendations for telephony permits, and
only licences so recommended be permitted this privilege.

Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr.

Pitchford (S.A.), moved an amendment

method to the control of the c

metre band.

Amendment carried, Mr. Marsland

against

that a genuine chain of traffic stations throughout the Commonwealth of Austhroughout the Commonwealth of Australia be formed to handle Wireless Intralia be formed to handle Wireless Intralia be formed to handle Wireless Intralia with the proposition of the third proposition of the third proposition of the third season of the Convention The season of the Convention of the

present.
After long discussion on the conAfter and future of "Amateur Radio."
Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), seconded by Mr.
Moorhouse (Tas.), moved that "Amateur Radio" should be considered as
stitute of Australia, and that more
publicity be provided for Federal Headquarters—Carried unanimously.

Mr. O'Dea (Qld.), seconded by Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), moved an amendment that FHQ to supply such publicity.—

Carried unanimously.

After long discussion on advertising and circulation of "Amateur Radio." Mr. O'Dea (Qid.), seconded by Mr. Marsland (Vic.), moved that "Amateur Radio" receive more support regarding the advertising and circulation from the various State Councils. — Carried unanimously.

Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Marsland (Vic.), moved that an organisation of short-wave groups and special observers for overseas short-wave stations be formed, such to be on a

Federal basis.-Carried, Mr. Pitchford

Federal basis.—Carried, Mr. Pitchford (S.A.) dissenting. Mr. Marsland (Vic.), seconded by Mr. Hooker (W.A.), moved that the P.M.G.'s Department be asked to reduce the fees of experimental licences.— Carried

Department be asked to reduce the rees unanimously. Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Hooker (W.A.), moved that the Customs Department be asked for dutytoms Department be asked for dutytoms to the Commonwealth of Australia, All control of imported apparatus to be in the hands of the W.I.A. And partment, and the results reported to State Divisions. If successful, importing to be controlled by State Councils. Curried unanimously. Hooker (W.A.), moved that a Federal St. Officer be permanently appointed, and that Mr. Jones, VKSRJ, be asked to Act in the position, and in the event that this item be included. — Carried unanimously.

that this item be included.— Carried unanimously.
Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), moved that all Division of the control of the contro

band be brought before the P.M.G.'s Department, and that they be asked to ensure their removal.—Carried unani-

mously

Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Mursland (Vic.), moved that the W.l.A., as the ruling and official representative body, should obtain as much offi-cial recognition as possible from the P.M.G.'s Department, or other Government authorities, before the passing of any legislation or regulations affecting any legislation of regulations affecting amateur radio generally, or the control of the licenced experimenters, and that these questions be taken up with the F.M.G.'s Department, with the view to receiving such recognition. — Carried unanimously.

unanimously.

Mr. Moorhouse (Tas.), seconded by
Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), moved that Federal Headquarters press to have legislation provided for the P.M.G.'s Department, through the Commonwealth Government, to eliminate and suppress
interference to brondcast listeners and interference to broadcast listeners and amateurs caused by persons using any electrical equipment that may cause interference.—Carried unanimously.

The session closed at 10.45 p.m.

The fourth session of the Convention opened at 7.30 p.m., 29th January. All

present.

A long discussion took place regarding BCL Interference and increase in power for amateurs ended with Mr. Marsland (Vic.), seconded by Mr. O'Dea (Qld.), moving that the item be deleted from the Agenda. — Carried unanimously.

mously, of certain objects of certain QSL cards deleted from the Agenda, on the motion of Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Pitchford (S.A.). Mr. Hooker (W.A.), seconded by Mr. O'Des (Qid.), moved that a better system

tem of reporting signal strengths, tone and readability be drawn up with a view to having a system adopted for Mr. Mr. Moore, or moved an amendment that Pederul Hendqueters find a better method of reporting signals, and forward same to IARU, after submitting

Moore (N.S.W.), moved that the 1938 Federal Convention be held in Qurensland, at a date to be fixed.—Carried, Mr. Murshand (Vic.) dissenting. W. Mrshand (Vic.) dissenting. Officer be appointed to represent Fixed of the P.M.I. Spentment.—Carried, Motions by Mr. Morshand. that Federal Headquarters be located in Adelide, and by Mr. Officen in Motions by Mr. Murshand. That Federal Headquarters be located in Adelide, and by Mr. Officen in Motions by Mr. Morshand. That Federal Headquarters be located in Adelide, and by Mr. Officen in Motions both lapsed. Moorthouse (Tas.), moved that Federal Moorthous

both lapsed, both

unanimously

The session closed at 10.45 p.m,

The fifth and final session of the Convention opened at 4 p.m., Wednesday, January 30th. All present.

Mr. Moore (N.S.W.) gave a lengthy explanation of the position regarding the old W.I.A. in his State, also explaining the conduct of the A.R.A.

Mr. Mirshand (Vic), seconded b. Mr. Mr. Mirshand (Vic), seconded b. Mr. Orwed that, as Pedial Head (Vic), seconded b. Mr. Orwed that, as Pedial Head (Vic), seconded by the Pederal Executive use their own discretion as to the most suitable means of obtaining the use of name of the will be used to the will mously.

Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Pitchford (S.A.), moved that the proposed Constitution be referred to Divisional Councils for adoption, and their decisions reach the Federal Secretary

not later than March 31st, 1985.—Carried unanimously.
Mr. O'Dea (Qid.), seconded by Mr.
Marsland (Vic.), moved that Rules Mrs.
2 and 3 of the BERR, 1935 Contest be
caforced.—Carried unanimously,
Mr. Ilooker (W.A.), moved that the
pointment of the Federal Executive be
left in the hands of the A.R.A. Council.
—Carried unanimously.

—Carried unanimously.

Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr.

Pitchford (S.A.), moved that delegates

of Divisions who have not paid per

capita, payments be asked to explain

of behalf of their divisiona.—Carried

u tanimously. u innimously.

Mr. Moorbuse (Tas.), and Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Moorbuse (Mr.), and Mr. Moorbuse (Mr.), and Mr. Hooker (Wr.), could their divisions. The Acting Federal Secretary, Mr. Magless, read correspondence on this

Ragiesa, read correspondence on this inster, Mr. Moore (N.S.W.), seconded by Mr. Hichford (S.A.), moved that, as the Thichford (S.A.), moved that, as the in such a precarious state, the delegates be asked to present most forcibite necessity of these payments, and the ensuing year, that the Constitution be followed closely, and unfinancial States be not closely, and unfinancial States be not allowed a delegate at the dead of the control o

chalman for his conduct to the men-lings.

Mr. Mglald, howed that the visitors when (4dd.), moved that the visitors when (4dd.), moved that the visitors when the proper conduction of the proper appreciation of the hospitality extended by the members of the Tammanian Divi-sion of the Wileless Institute.

Mr. O'Den (cld.), seconded by Mr. Mr. O'Den (cld.), seconded by Mr. recording secretary, in appreciation of his services.

All the three above carried unani-

mously.

The 11th Annual Federal Convention
was closed by the chairman at approximately 7.30 p.m., January 30th, 1935.

CENTENARY CONTEST ERRATUM.

In the list of station scores of the VK stations in the February issue, VK2WJ should read VK5WJ; and VK5GW's score of 11,000 should be inserted in its order.

BEAT THIS, "HAMS"!

Miss McKenzie, aged 12 years, daughter of 4GK, has just obtained the A.O.P.C. Her results were exemplary, and a pattern for all: Sending, 98 per cent.; Receiving, 90 per cent.; Regs., 70 per cent.; Theory, 78 per cent. Look for 4YL and watch your step!

Federal Headquarters Notes

THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE.

The Federal Executive has so far had little time to do any large amount of work, but a few matters of importance have been dealt with,

RECORD BROADCASTING.

The combined gramophone companies have been approached with a view to nave been approached with a view to getting a concrete statement of their attitude towards the playing of records by radio amateurs. A letter was received from the A.R.A. (N.S.W.) asking the Federal Executive to move in the matter, as they considered it of a Federal nature. This has been done, Federal nature. This has been done, but so far nothing definite has been attained.

THE W.I.A. OF N.S.W.

Arising out of the Federal Convention, and at a request from the A.R.A. the Institute of Radio Engineers has been applied to the Institute of Radio Engineers has been contained to the Committee of the Committee

W.A.C. CERTIFICATES.

The Federal Executive wishes to point out that applicants for this Cer-tificate must be members of their local Division of the W.I.A. before their applusion of the W.I.A. before their applications can be accepted. Non-members cannot possibly obtain this Certificate, as the I.A.R.U. states definitely that applicants must be a member of the local governing body where this body is affiliated with the I.A.R.U. In Australia this is the W.I.A. or the A.R.A.



VK 3MR

What is a "Country"?

By VK3ML, Traffic Manager, Victorian Division.

Of the many "spirits" that exist in Ham radio to-day, one might safely say that the spirit of friendly rivalry is perhaps one of the strongest. Most certainly does this particular spirit predominate when it comes to boasting of the number of countries worked. At some stage of our Ham life we have all strived to rope in as many countries as possible; even go-ing to the extent of classifying some remote spot, either surrounded by water or by land, as being a new "country." That is all right; but the world is full of "possessions," protec-torates, mandated territories, and the like, and one is naturally tempted to "claim" an odd country here or there. Thus the world could go on and the Hams with it, forever digging up new countries.

The main and serious reason why we have been promoted to take this matter up and offer some definite and concrete classification of the world's countries for your consideration, is that the Centenary Contest Committee made a recommendation that steps should be taken to clear the whole matter up so as to avoid any possible headaches in the 1935 W.I.A. Inter-national Contest! We agree in the main; there is no decent amateur international list of countries, and it is high time that the amateur world be put in order.

An excellent effort, and an attempt that deserves much praise, is that be-longing to W9ADN, who, in Califor-nian "Radio" for August, 1934, offered the fraternity the very thing we are looking for-a well defined grouping system of the countries of the world. Obviously, W9ADN has given a large arrount of thought to this question, and those who have studied the article will appreciate all the difficulties he had to overcome. Maybe the system is not perfect, yet it IS an effort, and the world could do well by adopting it as a provisional standard. A tentative standard list is far better than none at all, and it is almost certain that future international contests of the W.I.A., sponsored by the Victorian Division, will stipulate in the rules that W9ADN's list will be used for checking purposes.

1 Aden.

9 Afghanistan.

- 3 Alaska, including Aleutian Islands, Pribilof Islands, St. Lawrence Islands.
- 4 Albania. 5 Algeria.
- 6 Andora.

7 Anglo-Egyptian Sudan.

8 Ascension Island.

9 Australia, including Norfolk Island, New Britain Archipelago, Admiralty Islands, New Ireland, New Britain, Solomon Islands, Santa Cruz Islands, Australia mandated territory of New Guinea. 10 Austria.

11 Azores

12 Bahamas, including Little and Great Abaco, Great Bahama, Eleuthera, Cat, Wattling, Rum Cay, New Providence, the Exuma chain, Long Island, Andros, Crooked Islands. Mayaguana, Inagua.

12 Barbados.

- 14 Basutoland.
- 15 Bechuanaland Protectorate.

16 Belgian Congo.

- 17 Belgium. 18 Bermudas.
- 19 Bismarck Archipelago.
- 20 British Honduras. 21 British Somaliland.
- 22 British Guiana.
- 23 Canal Zone (Panama Canal Zone).
- 24 Cape Verde Islands.
- 25 Ceylon.
- 26 Costa Rica. 27 Cuba.
- 28 Cyprus.
- 29 Danzig.
- 30 Denmark.
- 31 Dominican Republic.
- 32 Dutch (Netherlands) East Indies, including Bali, Banka, Billiton, Dutch Borneo, Celebes, Java, Dutch New Guinea, Sumatra, etc.

33 Dutch Guiana.

34 Dutch (Netherlands) West Indies, including Aruba, Bonaire.

- Eustatius, Saba, Dutch part of St. Martin.
- 35 Egypt. 36 Eritrea.
- .. 7 Esthonia.
- 38 Ethiopia. 39 Falkland Islands.
- 40 Faroe Islands.
- 41 Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea.
- 42 France (including Corsica).
- 43 French Cameroons.
- 44 French Equatorial Africa
- 45 French Guiana,
- 46 French Indo-China, including Annam, Camb Laos, Tonkin. Cambodia, Cochin-China.
- India Chendernagore. 47 French
- Karikal, Mahe. Pondichery. Yanaon, Calicut. 48 French Settlements in Oceania-
- Gambier Archipelago, Marquesas Gampier Archipeiago, Masquesta Islands, Tuamotu, Leeward Islands (French), Society Islands (including Tahiti), Tubuai.
- 49 French Somaliland
- 50 French French West Africa, including Senegal, French Guinea, the Ivory Coast, Dahomey, the French Coast, Dahomey, the Sudan, Haute-Volta, Mauretania, Sudan, Haute-Volta, M. Niger, French Togoland.
- 51 Gambia.
- 52 Gibraltar.
- 58 Gilbert and Ellice Islands-Indl. Line Islands, Palmyra, Washington, Fanning, Christmas Islands. 54 Gold Coast
- Gold Coast Colony, including Ashanti and Northern Territories. 55 Great Britain and Northern Ire-
- land, including England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland. 56 Greece, including Crete.
- 57 Greenland.
- 58 Guadeloupe, including La Desirade, Les Saintes, Marie Galute, Basse-Terre, Grande-Terre, St. Bartholo-mew, French part of St. Martins.
- 59 Guam.
- CO Guatemala.
- 61 Haiti.
- 62 Hejaz, Nejd and Dependencies. 63 Honduras.
- 64 Hongkong, including Kowloon.
- 65 Hungary.
- 66 Iceland 67 India, including Burma, Bhutan, N.W. Frontier Prov., Brit. Baluchistan, Andaman, Nicobar, Lacca-
- dive, and Maldive Islands. 68 Nepal.
- 69 Iraq
- 70 Irish Free State,
- 71 Italian Somaliland. 72 Italy.

- 73 Jamaica, including Cays Islands, Turks, Caicos Islands. Cayman
- 75 Kenya. 76 Latvia.
- 77 Leeward Islands, including Anguilla, Antigue, Barbuda, Dominica, illa, Antigua, Barbuda, Dominica, Montserrat, Nevis, Redonda, St. Ketts, Virgin Island (British part).
- 79 Liberia.
- 80 Liechtenstein. 81 Lithuania.
- 82 Luxembourg.
- 83 Macao
- 84 Madagascar and Dependencies (Ste. Marie-de-Madagascar, Nossi-Be, Comoro Islands).
- 85 Madeira Islands.
- 86 Malay States. 87 Malta.
- 88 Marianas or Ledrones, Marshall and Caroline Islands.
- 89 Martinique.
- 90 Mauritius.
- 91 Mexico.
- 92 Morocco (French). 98 Morocco (Spanish).
- 94 Morocco (British).
- 95 Netherlands.
- 96 New Caledonia. 97 Newfoundland, including Labrador.
- 98 New Hebrides, including Banks and Torres Islands.
- 99 New Zealand, including Nauru, 100 Nicaragua.
 - 101 Nigeria, including British Came-
 - roons, Lagos. 102 Norway, including Spitzbergen
- Arch.
- 103 Nyasaland Protectorate.
- 104 Palestine. 105 Panama.
- 106 Paraguay.
- 107 Persia.
- 108 Peru.
- 109 Philippine Islands. 110 Pitcairn Island,
- 111 Poland.
- 112 Porto Rico.
- 113 Portugal.
- 114 Portuguese East Africa (Mozam-
- bique). 115 Portuguese India (Goa, Daman, Diu).
 - 116 Portuguese Timor.
- 118 Portuguese West Africa (An-
- 119 Reunion (Bourbon) Island.
 - 120 Rhodesia, Northern. 121 Rhodesia, Southern.
- 122 Rumania.

123 St. Helena.

124 St. Pierre and Miguelon.

125 St. Tome and Principe, including Sarame.

126 Saar Territory.

127 Salvador. 128 San Marino.

129 Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Kingdom of (Czechoslovakia).

130 Seychelles, including Admirantes, Cosmoledo, Aldabra.

131 Siam.

132 Sierra Leone.

133 Spain. 134 Swaziland.

135 Sweden.

186 Switzerland. 187 Syria, including Lebanon, Ala-

138 Tanginyika Territory.

139 Tonga (Friendly) Islands.

141 Trinidad, including Tobago.

142 Tunisia.

143 Turkey (Asian and European). 144 Uganda.

145 U.S.S.R., including Moldavia, Bashkir, Tartar, Kirghiz, Dagestan, Crimea, Vakutsk, Karilian, German Volga Settlements, Buriat (Caucasus) Mts., Georgia, Azerbaiken, Armenia

146 Union of South Africa, including Cape Province, Natal, Zululand, Amatongaland, Orange Free State, Transvaal, British Bechuanaland, Tristan Da Cuba, South

West Africa.

148 Venezuela.
149 Windward Islands, St. Lucian, St. Vincent, Grenada, Grenadines.

150 Zanzibar and Pemba.

Station Description

Third in Centenary Contest.

The transmitter is the usual 4-stage job, using a 47CO 46FO 10 buffer and 203A five amp., which runs usually at from 50-80 watts input. A lease of long life being put on this tube, HI 1 link coupling is used between last two stages, and battery bias throughout. Keying is done in the centre tap of either doubler or PA, and the usual filter of choke and condenser is used, no trouble being experienced with thumps. A separate power supply is used for each stage. U8s are used as rectifiers, except for last stage, where a pair of GV1s handle the 1000 The bank of 10 watt pilot lamps seen in the photograph are used as bleeder resistances across each supply, instead of voltage dividers. For 14MC work, I have found that the 203A works much better as a doubler than PA, and so the last coil is so designed that it will tune to both 7 and 14 MC. Two DPDT switches in lappings of HT trans, cuts the voltage down to about 700 when using PA as doubler, and another switch brings in an extra 60 This is volt B battery for more bias. all that is necessary to move from 40 to 20, and can be done in about 8 An absorption type wave seconds. meter can be seen on top of x-mitter. The whole rig is mounted on 6 in. auto-tray wheels, and can be pushed

about for making any adjustments. The receiver is a home-made 8-tube S.S. super, complete with x-tal at 525 KC, and certainly was a great help during test, the x-tal cutting out much of the mush picked up from the 30,000 volt power lines running past my QRA to Warrnambool. A Monitor using type 30 valve is seen standing



on top of receiver. The station has been on the air about 17 months, and 53 countries have been landed to date. All conts. being worked several times. Two i wave 40 ants are used 58 feet high, one N.E. and S.W., which is O.K. for Europeans, and one N. and S., for Yanks. Feeders are 51 feet long, and tune O.K. for both 20 and 40.

Typical Topicals

By "The Listener"

THE ACORN TYPE 955.

(Concluded from last issue.)

As an amplifier, the 955 is applicable to the audio or radio-frequency stages of short-wave receivers, especially those operating in the band betwee 0.5 meter and 5 meters.

As a detector, the 955 may be of the grid-leak-and-condenser type, or of the grid-bias type. For the former, conventional operating conditions with a plate voltage of 45 volts are suitsupply voltage of 180 volts may be used, together with a negative gridbias voltage of approximately 7 volts. The plate current should be adjusted to a little less than 0.2 milliampere, with no input signal voltage. If selfbias is used, a suitable value of cathode resistor is 50,000 ohms.

As an R-F or A-F Amplifier—Class A—or as an Oscillator or R-F Power Amplifier (Class C), the 955 is operated with plate voltage up to 180 max. As a Class A Amplifier with max. plate voltage, the grid voltage is 5, and a note is made that the d-cresistance in the circuit should not exceed 0.5 megohm. The plate current is 4.5 milliamperes, the plate resistance 12,500 ohm, the mutual conductance 2000 microhms, load resistance 12,000 ohms, with a U.P.O. of 135 milliwatts.

As R.F. Power Amplifier—Class Can Oscillator Plate Modulated, or
C.W., we note the d-c plate current
and d-c grid current are quoted as
max. 8 and 2 milliamperes respectively. The power output is approximately 0.5 watts at 5 meters, with
only a moderate reduction in this
value on wavelengths as low as I
meter. Below 1 meter the power output decreases as the wavelength is
decreased.

Pay particular attention in this issue to Alan S. Duke's talk all about the Universal Rectox Instrument for A.C. or D.C., voltage, current, or resistance measurements. Believe me, hams, your attention will pay you.

AUSTRALIAN ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO.

Attention is drawn to an interesting notification in this issue from the above concern, which has now become another of our regular advertisers. The notification refers to the famous "Kester" plastic solder, noted for its efficacy with the joints of radio sets. The Birnbach Insulators are also stocked, while the firm reports the usual brisk business, which never "lets up" day or night, in their popular T.C.C. condensers.

P. and L. WIRELESS SUPPLIES

Attention is drawn to the advertisement on another page of this oldestablished firm, which has quite a lot on its shelves at 11 Hardware St., Melbourne, to interest amateurs. Their prices are remarkably moderate, and their big stock, constantly turned over offers a wide choice. An interesting department is that devoted to local and overseas publications devoted to radio, short wave, and the like

NOYES BROS.

I had an interesting preliminary chat with Mr. E. B. Foster, of the above popular concern, who has returned from his trip abroad. More of our chin-wag will appear in next issue. While away Mr. Foster visited the establishment of Messrs. Crompton Parkinson Ltd., of Chelmsford, and Ferranti Ltd., of Hollinwood, sponsors of the goods which worthily bear their name and which are handled just as worthily by Noyes Bros. While in England Mr. Foster visited Leeds, where after some years of separation he met his parents and family. While aboard ship our friend attained the dizzy honor of manager of the Melbourne Cup Sweepstakes, and has a good story to tell of the numerous winners which, allegedly, came over the air.

Visitors to Melbourne during the month included Messrs. Alan Hutchings (3HL), winner of the handicap section of the contests, who fiddles the dial at Callawadda, Vic., Brebner (3 JQ), Belmont, Geelong, and C.F. Emeny (3GQ), Camperdown, Vic. The latter is the live local representative of the Strombery Carlson goods.

Mr. Ken Dyer reports increasing business in the transmitting department of Philips Lamps for Victoria, of which important department he is in charge. Well-known to amateurs, the big Holland concern, world renowned for its lamps, valves, Neon, and X-ray, has long ago proved itself indispensible to Australian radio interests.

Get in touch, often, with Vealls, who want you to know some more about the rather unusual Hickok Radio Meters. Not to know about them argues yourself unknown.

Solve all your instrument problems by allowing Siemens (Aust.) Pty. Limited to diagnose your worries and troubles. Meet them face to face in this issue.

Fresh information for your technical literature requirements herein from McGill's Agency, Melbourne's leading technical book and journal rendezvous in Elizabeth Street. If there's a book published on refrigeration in Iceland, McGill's will have it.

Cast your supercilious eye over the Quartz Crystal notifications of Mr. Maxwell Howden (3BQ) and Mr. P. R. Watson (3PY) and crystallize your requirements in this direction, and—read the Hamads in this issue. Attention to them will pay handsome dividends.

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Operating and Experimental Section

Conducted by VK3WY.

The main feature throughout the past month has been the annual Yam contest. This resulted in a glorious mess of QRM on the 7 and 14 mc. bands. The most active stations in VK3 seemed to be 3ML, 3MR, 3TP, 3GQ, 3EG, and 3KK.

seemed to be 3ML, 3MR, 3TP, 3GQ, 3EG, and 3KX.

One thing the test seemed to show the seemed to some of the seemed to some of our own stations, however, and the seemed to have changed over to a rather rough RAC for the contest. This seemed to have changed over to a rather rough RAC for the contest. This seemed to have changed over to a rather rough RAC for the contest. This seemed to have changed over to a rather sespleation for decent sign. It was found to be comparatively easy to contact all W districts, and Vanida, and the seemed to the seemed to see the seemed to s

as scarce as proverbial hen's teething and the same of the head of the same of

28 and 56 MC. Section

Conducted by VK3JJ.

Conducted by VK2JJ.

After an absence of almost five years, real DX has again started to break through on 28 mc. the first signals being heard on March 10. VK2BW rebling heard on March 10. VK2BW rebling heard on March 10. VK2BW rebling to the state of the state of

audible on this day. This leads one to

audible on this day. This leads one to think conditions were none too good, so perhaps the J's are just making a start of the start of

and band.

On 56 mc, VKSKQ seems to be getting the best results, and the signals are good strength at SOF, 3JG, and are good strength at SOF, 3JG, and modulated, no capacity is used across the tank coli which is in the form of a large loop and coupled to a half-wave the tank coli which is in the form of a large loop and coupled to a half-wave the tank coli which is in the form of a large loop and coupled to a half-wave been the standard of a large loop and coupled to a half-wave been unable to work over any great thing through to Melbourne with the aid of a beam untenns similar to those recently described in "QST." At a strength is the signals are insudible with the beam broadside on, but on changing it to the the signals are insudible with the beam broadside on, but on changing it to the direction of the receiver, signals im-direction of the receiver, signals im-sured to the signal of the signal of the signal JJI are just about ready for 58 me, the former having yet to complete a trans-mitter, while the super regenerative re-ceiver at 3JJ is being remodelled for the fourth time.

INTERNATIONAL 28 MC. CONTEST.
Points scored in January and Feb-ruary:--V44FB 66. VK3FW 28. VK3JJ 21. VK2HY 18. VK2LZ 18. VK3WC 17. VK3NM 9. VK3WL 9. VK3OF 8, VK2XY 4.

Correspondents are again reminded that notes Must be in the hands of the Editor NOT LATER than the 18th of each month. This month notes from VK3 Phone Section and VK6 Division arrived too late for publication.

Victorian QSL Bureau.

STOP PRESS

R. E. JONES, VK3RJ.



Cards are on hand at the Bureau, 23 Landale St., Box Hill, for the follow-ing Victorian stations, and will be for-warded on receipt of the necessary postage:-

3AT, AX, BF, BK, CN, DD, DK, DL, DQ ES, ET, FC, FH, FM, GU, GW, HE, JK, KQ, KY, LG, LP, GW, HE, JK, JX, KG, KI, KO, KY, LG, LP, LT, LX, LY, MX, NG, NW, OP, OZ, PC, PL, PW, RW, SP, SK, TK, TM, WP, WN, ZF, ZJ, ZK, ZL, ZO, Messrs, Simms.

At the recent W.I.A. Convention held in Hobart, the Federal Bureau was changed from Adelaide to Melbourne, with uddress as above. It is the inten-tion henceforth to refrain from alter-ing the location of the Federal Bureau, VKSRI was appointed Pederal QSL Manager.

GSRV would appreciate reports from VK listeners on his 7 mc. and 14 mc. sigs. All reports will be acknowledged. His QRA is 19 Springfield Park Av., Chelmsford, Essex, England.

As a result of the multitudinous contents held during the last six months, and the six months are asked to facilitate its work by claiming cards promptly and by observing the rules laid dewn in a recent article on the Bureau's activities.

Gippefand stations, and those in the North-east and Central North of Vic-toria, may expect a visit from the writer during the month of April.

Sunday, 24th March saw the blanket definitely lift on 10 mx conditions. Spasmodic bursts of DX have been coming through for the past three weeks, but nothing approaching Sunday's conditions have been experienced since 1929. The irony of Sunday was the fact, firstly, that VK8YP who worked W6VD at 9.80 a.m., had not been on 10 mx since he worked his last W there in 1929, and secondly that VK3BD, who is surely one of "ten's" staunchest supporters was away for the week end. W6VD was away for the week class.

The first DX to come through and he was worked by VK3BW, VK2EP, ZL 2GD and VK3NM in rapid succession after the contact by VK3YP. And list, you DX fiends, the MINIMUM report either way was R8, and the Yank reported VK2 EP's fone as R9!! Between 9.30 and 10 a.m. VK2LZ worked W9NY and W2TP. The latter contact is believed to be the longest distance contact yet made on this band. Later, J2HJ and J21S came through and were contacted with the same ease as the W's. One in-teresting feature of the day's work was the fact that no VK's using self excited transmitters "got across."

Summarising the contacts, W6VD orked VK3BW, VK3YP, VK2EP, worked VK3BW, VK3YP, VK2EP, ZL2GD, and VK3NM. VK2LZ wor-ked W9NY, W2TP. VK3BW worked W6VD, J2HJ, ZL1BA, ZL2KK, ZL 2BN. VK6SA worked J21C. VK3LJ worked ZL1BA, and ZL2KK. W's period lasted from 9.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m., and the J's from 2 p.m. to

AMATEURS !!!

Are you on the best buying basis for your requirements? If not, you will find that our prices compare more than favourably with what you now pay.

We carry a large range of publications both local and American, devoted to Amateur Radio, short wave, etc etc.

P. & L. WIRELESS SUPPLIES PTY. LTD. 11 Hardware Street, Melbourne, F 4323

(New Price List just available. If you did not receive one let us have your address)

1st April, 1935.

Station Description

VK2WT—TENTERFIELD.

A Transmitter first took the air from Warranfields Tenterfield in 1924, signing A2WT. This Transmitter consisted of a 201A and 120 volt accumulator batteries for High Tension.

Among the most interesting memories of this time was A2CM's trip across the Pacific, Schnell's visit to Australia and the first trans-Pacific Tests, and on the good old 32 mx. band 2 or 3 watts was all that was necessary to get R5 and R6 reports from the 201A Xmitter.

The transmitter at present in use operates on both 3560 kc. and 7120 kc. A type 59 Tritet oscillator, 59 buffer and DO/40 final amplifier and the modulator portion which modulates the final is a pair of 210s in Class B. and the tubes driving this are 354 and LS6A. All the filament are lit from the ordinary 50 volt D.C. house-light-

ing, and shunt resistors are used where the current is too high. plate supply for the 210s and DO/40 is obtained from a 1000 volt Esco generator, motor driven. All other supplies are obtained from a Rotary Converter and usual rectifying systems. Some original S tubes are still in use.

The Receiver consists of 78SGRF 77 E.C. Det. and 354 V. Audio, and the plate supply from a small motor generator which is home wound and was originally made from a 10 volt to 350 volt job, the primary and secondary being rewound for 50 volt D.C. and 200 volt D.C., and is about 50 per cent. efficient, but proves very successful, as it is silent even down to 10 metres.



Divisional Notes

Association of Radio Amateurs

NOTES FROM HEADQUARTERS. By 2HZ

The ballot papers for the annual general meeting of the ARA. have been completed and forwarded to all man and the papers of the ARA have to the control of the books regarding the raising of the annual subscription. Many and varied are the expressions on the subject, so it is in the laps of the gods whether the subscription is raised or whether the subscription is raised or not.

not. Ye. our efficient QEL officer is not standing for re-election to the Council, owing to pressure of business the Council, owing to pressure of business the The second annual dinner held at the Dungowan, Martin Place, was a great success. Some 89 Hams attended, and success. Some 89 Hams attended, and Beat, Manly, Lakemba, and Newcastle Hamteur Radio Clubs, besides representatives from the Radio Telegraphists. Institute and Australian Inland Mishaitute and sion

sion.

2UN. Mr. Goyen, the A.R.A. President, was it the chair, and a little business to the visitors was released to the liniand, who described some of the work done by the ammeteurs in the work done by the work done by the work done by the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we would be with the work done when the work done we will be work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we will be with the work done when the work done we back.

back.

Ray Carter (VK2HC) proposed the toast to International bodies, and during his speech mentioned the successes price, and the successes of the successes o

(from Newcastle).

ZONE 2 NOTES. ZO-VK2HV.

VK2XQ, the most western Ham in Zone 2, will soon be making things buzz at Walgett. John is on the track of a rotary converter, and with a bit of luck he should land one very soon. Old Ray, of VK2HC-2BE, has been in Sydney. The old familiar voice hasn't been heard on 30 metres for ages now

name now!

Juan, of VKSEG, old ZEG, has rebuilt his rig and is working DX in fine style from his great location in VKS.

Tamworth now boasts a gang.

VKSGU is the latest addition to that centre.

VKSGU is also a now one under the centre.

VKSGU is also a now one under the centre.

VKSGU is also a now one with the summer; they have been upon 80 metres, braving the QRN, and are turning out some real good telephony. Speaking to 88, three Ks stations, two W6x, and a couple of VEx, have be heard on a couple of VEx have be made on a couple of VEX.

the last few nights; all were QSA5 and on phone. VKZZP now has an energetic second of the phone of the property of the propert

exams, but hope to be on Xtal for the winter.

Mac, of KK2ZH, and ZKR, are rejoicMac, of KK2ZH and ZKR, are rejoicmac, of KK2ZH and Sk Act of the Sk Act

hopes to be there for at least a couple of years.
Would all the chaps in this zone please send in dope on their doings, station descriptions, etc., for publication in this mag, to me on or before the 19th of each month, and don't forther about "Amateur Radio."
Send your subs. to VK2HV, Byron C. Fuwerell. St., Inverell.

ZONE 3 NOTES. ZO-VK2OU

QRN has been very bad this month, only one or two nights being reason-ably free.

ably free.

Nothing has been heard of the local
Nothing has been heard of the local
gang except that 2ZM had a portable
on his holiday. 2GI supplies this one.
A ECL on seeing a tube rocking in a
spring socket, asked if that was what
was meant by a tube being "in a state
was meant by a tube being "in a state
2ZCI was overheard talking to 2ZC W8BTL was overheard talking

*22C was overheard talking to WaBTL.

WaBTL.

**Another old-timor heard was VK5MB. VK2BP is giving Ham radio a rest. Another old-timor heard was VK5MB. VK2BP is giving Ham radio a rest. and when I was Q80 was using QRP is the control of the contr

receiver, and finds that the sig. noise ratio is much better than with the usual antodyne.

NOTES FROM ZONE 6.

2LM and 2WH still conduct their weekly skeds on \$0. 2LM has another small rotary converter, and is working on a 1 kw. job. Should be QRO again shortly. Both still using the 2-stage appreasor grid modulated outfits. A few of the Dubbo gang are active, but

the quality of fone from that direction leaves into to be desired. (See editorial, Most of their activities seem to centre on 250 metres.

2VJ, of Alectown, still on Monday nights; no particulars of gear. More than the country with portable gear. Writing these notes from VIM finds the old A.C. a pleasant change from rotary converters, and the power house across the road has nothing on our old home town for electrical interference. 2RJ has been deep-sea fishing. Ask

him about the one that got away.

NORTH SHORE ZONE NOTES. ZO-VK2HY

Owing to pressure of business, the previous writer of these notes, VK2DR, has reluctantly had to give them up, and in the meantime I promised to fill the breach until further help was capthe breach until further help was cap-tured. I think you will agree that these notes by 2DR have been among the best each month, and I take this op-portunity of thanking him for his hard has been one of much scivity, lincor-porating the E.E.R.U. tests and lat-terly the A.R.R.L test. Each of these have received considerable help by the VKs. and in some cases fair scores

W.K.s. and 1n some cases fair scores have results. If no again with Kill RG 12. bit on a again with Kill RG 12. bit on a gain with Kill RG 12. bit on the second to the results of the second to be pliing up a score in the Yank test. He uses a vertical 6st 1. and, so this may account with the second to the second to the second to with the second to with the second to with the second to the second to with the se

Bill, of 2HZ, divides his time between Executive meetings. YL's and 80 mx.

fone. 2YC has completely discarded his old love, 10 mx. Jim is becoming quite a become the second of the recently control of the second of the recently though Jim. 2LZ must be pretty well known throughout this old globe by now. After winning N.S.W. award in Centrol of the second of Atter winning N.S.W. award in Cen-tensry, he went pretty close to Vt award in B.E.R.U. Con is on 10 mx. nearly every night; but lately the best DX down there is 2HY's, half a mile away. H!!

DX down tures a service of the control of the contr

2KA QRL study. How's that super going, Paul? 2VG has very solid harmonic on 10

going, Paul?
2VG has very solid harmonic on 10
mx. from 40 mx., and can be heard R8
on former working DX. Made his WAC
last month, working LU. FB, Rex.

2VQ been rebuilding, and at last achieved T9. QRI.

Had visit from 2DQ recently, who informed me he had heard my overtone on 20 mx. when calling on 10 mx.

Well, gang, hope you give me the same support as you gave 2DR.

LAKEMBO RADIO CLUB. WIFOI D

The financial year of the Lakemba Radio Club is drawing to a close, and by the time these notes appear the final arrangements for the Club's annual re-union will have been made. This usu-

There are now three silver cups cir-culating in the Club for annual com-

culating in the Club for annual com-petition, two for transmitting mem-bers and one for receiving members. The Club's outward QSL Bureau under the direction of Mr. Hughes (2QP) shows a handsome profit, and at the same time provides an excellent op.

snows a announce prop, and at me same time provides an excellent opsame time provides an excellent optheir cards cheaply. The Club's official paper, "Lakemba Review," has proved most successful. The Club's official paper, "Lakemba Review," has proved most successful. Each meeting night a box is presented by 3QX, into which members may obtain the successful to both the successful the successful the successful to defray the expense of any microclub "spreads" which may be held throughout the year, such as on the occasion of inter-club debates. The occasion occasion of inter-club debates.

bers must be complimented on the ex-cellent support they have extended to all club activities during the past year, of the control of the control of the following:—Messrs, Hetch & Co., and Slade's Radio, for the donation of sil-yer cups; Mrs. Mitchell, for the very yer cups; Mrs. Mitchell, who has ar-ranged all club "spreads" during the year; Miss Picknell, who has ar-ranged all club "spreads" during the year; Miss Picknell, who has ar-roch, whose generosity towards the with the necessary sketching; Mr. Darroch, whose generosity towards the club has been unlimited; the A.R.A. good enough to accept and publish four good enough to accept and publish four notes, and to all those who have in any way helped or displayed interest in the Lakemba Rudio Club. We only wish that we had the accommodation at our re-union to invite everybody, and thus extend our thanks in a practical Communications

s addressed to the Hon. Secretary, 79 Park St., Canter-bury, will receive immediate attention. WESTERN SUBURBS WHISPER-

INGS.

ZO-2MY.

2DW-Doing a bit of DX ex fone on 40 mx, but not heard on very often. Still keen on 5 mx, work.

2BX-No sign of Bert. He must have still keen on 5 mx, work.

2BX-No sign of Bert. He must have not be supported by the proper of t

perhaps Davo, 2FD, might be able to

il it better! 2MY-At last solved the mystery the local QRM that has been making conditions impossible here for weeks. In case anyone happens to ever get the same trouble, here it is: Being troubled with clicks from the light switches same trouble, here it is: Being troubled with clicks from the light, awitches with clicks from the light awitches try the effect of a nine liter. See the conventional filter was installed, but being a bit doubtful about the consens which had been cribbed from brain-wave of passing them to earth via a fuse consisting of a pea lamp. Now figure it out? It took me a week's hard pondering to wake up.

NEWCASTLE AMATEUR RADIO CLUB NOTES.

(Affiliated with A.R.A.)

By 2RG.

The annual general meeting of the Newcastle A.R.C. was held on March 12. In summing up the activities of the Club for the past year, the President, 22W made mention of the rapid progress made. The original meeting place of the Club was 22W he ship, out. place of the Club was 2ZWs shack, but the ever increasing membership out-the ever increasing membership out-side the control of the control of the six months a room in the Sun Build-ing has been rented, and this was fur-nished by a levy on the Club members, from time to time, of a most interest-ing and instructive nature. Mr. L. T. Swain, 2CS, was one of the chief con-

tributors.

Swain. 2CS, was one of the chief contributors.

In the contributors were held, the first being won by 2OF, and the second by 2CC. A trophy donated by Mr. F. Silver, and the second contributor of the cont

Crouse.
Officers elected were: President, S.
A. Grimmett, 2ZW: Vice President, A.
Fairhall, 2YS: Secretary, R. J. Glassop,
2RG; Committeemen, G. Cowell, 280, 2RG; Committeemen.

Victorian Division

WESTERN DISTRICT NOTES. 30W-3HG.

Conditions on 3.5 mc. have improved considerably during the last few weeks, and the band is quite active again with fone stations, both VK and ZLVK3OS, 3XJ, and 3HG are very active. (The latter's YL has a SW receiver. and is learning quite a lot about Ham radio!)

2XI (Warrnamboo!) caused a sur-prise by starting up one fone on 3.5 me. 3JA is also active on 7 mc., whilst 3GJ has gone to Melbourne to live. 3DX and 3TA still active on 200

metres.

3DA and 3TA still active on 200
The 14 mc. band has been good at times, particularly during the warm wanther. 3TG succeeded in raining UCK only 8 or 9 miles away from here, his position seems much better for reception than ours, as stations come in 3HG is leaving in a few days on a trip to 3OR and 3KR, Kerang.

It will be interesting to see how it will be interesting to see how it will be interesting to see how to break up the 32 volt house lighting to break up the 32 volt house lighting transformer.

This system was tried by 3OW some time ago, and worked fairly satisfactory and working votage condenser.

down under the high no-load voltage.
A high working voltage condenser across the secondary would probably have remedied this trouble, but the system was scrapped for other reasons without this being tried.

MALLEE AND THE NORTH. SWE.

Conditions generally in N.W. VK3
during January and up to the middle of
rebruary can best be described in the
words of 3PY as "lousy." Even with
words of 3PY as "lousy." Even with
cone of 3PY as "lousy." Even wing to
grade of the cone of the cone of
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while slight of planes on way to Perth recently. The beat is rapidly coming "Took", and the writer shows a series of over \$6 (80% for past four weeks—all phone. These include all States and all phone. These include all States and all phone. These include all States and all phone. These include all States and several Wa. Except the states are selected by our selected by our selected by the select recently

month. He was closely followed by ZHU and 3WE (what's this "person-litt" stuff, clowards while others with the cherry of the control of the c

Queensland Division

By VK4RY.

The monthly meeting of the Wireless
Institute was held at headquarters,
Heindorff House, Queen St., Brisbane,
on Friday, March I, before a very large
attendance, including several old-

attendance, including several oldtimers.

Mr. M. O'Brien, VicMun, the subject beling electron-coupled receivers.

Mr. M. O'Brien, VicMun, the subject beling electron-coupled receivers.

Congratulations were accessful in passing at the recent A.O.P.C. examination.

Members are reminded that the aning at the recent A.O.P.C. examination.

Members are reminded that the anunctrest on Priday. April 6.

All correspondence should be adressed to the Secretary, Box 1524V,

4UU has at last worked that clusive

African for his WAC.

4KA recently paid a visit to VIB and

4KA recently paid a visit to VIB and

1Meristand two RK40° were purchased.

4HR and 4MM were recently head

to sting on 85 mc.

4sout PB. During

the pecant B.E.R.U. test he was able

to obtain his WAC in eight hours.

4HB has completed his four-stage

4GU still continues to put out good fone

4WT is a real solid worker. When not doing secretarial work is spending his spare moments decorating his yard

with 56 mc. antennas.

4UZ, of Toowoomba, is at present entertaining the B.C.L's on the 200 mx. hand.

South Australian Division

DX conditions, both on 7 mc. and 14 mc., have been very good in VK5 up to 18/8/35. Hams on both bands have had no difficulty in working Europe. Africa, and, of course, North America, that times it has been hard to decide which is the botter band, in the strength of the present DX seems to be more on 14 inc.

Early morning and evening seem to be the best times to hear DX, and often there are so many hard to find a quiet spot on the band. Naturally many of the Hams have had no difficulty in raising the number of countries worked. Scorge's two the countries worked. George's two

X has worked 63. George's two battery receiver certainly drags DX in. Maximum high tension is DX in. Maxing 60 volts, too!

the DX in. Maximum high tension is only 60 only 10 onl

awb is once in Adelaide again after having been stationed as operator at 5FI, Crystal Brook, for some months, Eesult: 5WB is back on the air again. Harry Wheeler (5HW) is making an FB. job of the elementary lectures again,

The annual general meeting will be held at the club-rooms on April 10. It will take the form of a smoke social.

Tasmanian Division

By 7PA.

any local. any local.

The proposed to run a monster run "State Field Play," which members from all parts of the State will attend. The centre of the activities will be Campbell Town, on March 31, and a big day is run, on March 31, and a big day is used, and it is proposed to try phone. Our Northern brothers are providing the transmitting equipment.

A camp is being arranged for those who can get away on the Saturday, so that it should be a great attraction.

A further attraction is a lantern lec-A turner attraction is a mantern rec-ture to be given by one of Hobart's recognised lecturers, Mr. Nat. Oldham, and will be entitled, "Early Hobart and I'm Hotela." Its Hotels.

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- distinguishable.
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- 1. Faint-signals barely perceptible.
- 2. Weak signals.
- 3. Fairly good signals.
- 4. Good signals.
- 5. Very strong signals.

"T." TONE.

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 Very rough a.c. note—no trace of
- musicality.
 3. Rough low pitched a.c. note-
- slightly musical.
- Rather rough a.c. note—moderately musical.
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R.A.A.F. Wireless Reserve Notes

NOTES AND ACTIVITIES. Federal Notes by the C/O.

Fresh ideas are to be shortly put in operation in all districts. The first will probably be the issuing to each active member of a quartz crystal ground to his section working frequency. When all stations are working on the offi-cially allotted reserve frequencies the

all stations are working on the offi-cially allotted reserve frequencies the trouble of phone interference on tradic The Air Board is now in a position to see its way clear to co-operate more with the reserve, and we may look for the property of the seed of the seed of the seed of the lost enthusiasm on the part of certain members will be renewed. More members are being gradually enrolled, and the reserve its area of the Commonwealth. The VMF and VMC districts are to be congratulated on the fine work done during the recent flight visit to Ferph. The VMF and VMC districts are to be congratulated on the fine work done during the recent flight visit to Ferph. The VMF and VMC districts are to be congratulated on the fine work done during the recent flight visit to Ferph. The VMF and VMC forward to more of this genuine work when the squad-ron is finally established in W.A. At present the minds of the VMC reserve the visit of the vMC reserve Laverton, where they are assured of an interesting time and practical experi-ence, both in the air and on the ground, will shortly be extended to Eitchmond.

ence, both in the air and on the ground.
It is to be expected that such camps will shortly be extended to Richmond, N.S.W., and other places.
This month has brought about a change at the Air Board. Flight Lieut. A change at the Air Board. Flight Lieut. has left on a world tour and his place has been taken by Squadron Leader Swinburn, who has recently returned from London, where he was Lalason Officer. Both these officers have always taken a keen interest in the reways taken a keen interest in the return the could proudly speak of the fine work could proudly speak of the fine work could proudly speak of the fine work. could proudly speak of the fine work of the reserve wherever he goes.

Second District Notes (by 221).

Activity in VMB has not been to bright intely, but with the renewed hopes of better co-operation that have can look forward to a more lively future. Traffic totals of the more active stations are:—2A2 3, 2A4 19, 2A5 5, 2B3 5. Owing to 2A4 being absent on leave, 2A5 has taken over the section.

Third District Notes (by 3ZI).

VMC has been in a furore since the announcement that a reserve camp would be held at Easter. Many memwould be neight Easter, Many members must have latent ability in persuasive methods, because every man in VMC but one, both inactive and active, will be present. Some of the bosses will be present. Some of the bosses took some persuasion too from all accounts, one member even going to the extent of saying if it meant his job or camp, then camp it was! In future years, innctive stations, unless there is some legitimate reason for their mactivity, will be debarred from camp, but this year all may go in order that each man may benefit from the actual each man may benefit from the actual experience gained whilst at Laverton. The only provise is that every man must be 100 per cent. efficient as far as message handling ability and pro-cedure are concerned.

Of course, nothing need be said about the active men—they are proficient in all phases of procedure from practice, but the inactive stations have got to the inactive stations have got to the camp period, in order to reach the camp period, in order to reach the desired efficiency standard, be able to get down to camp, as he runs his own usiness, and can't get anyone to handle it during his absence. A practice of the control Of course, nothing need be said about

contact has been 100 per cent. each
we are very sorry to hear that 3D4's
father is very seriously ill, and sincerely trust that he is showing very
definite signs of improvement. of the
Melbourne end of the Ferth traffic for
SZ2/3D4 when they have been unable
to contact VJP.
3A6, one of putting over a most
job this month. Besides the 62 most
sages he has originated in the last 18
days, and all real traffic, he has
handled well cover 100 relays, both
handled well cover 100 relays, both
handled well cover 100 relays, both
over six weeks he has learnt his procedure 100 per cent. perfectly, and in
now in the forefront of our VMC crack
operators. operators.

operators.

We are missing 3D6 very much from our weekly schedules. For over four states of the second of the seco work, no dummy traffic being per-mitted.

Sixth District Notes (by 621).

Sixth District Notes (by GZI).

The twelve-day visit to Perth of three Wapitis has aroused considerable of the Wapitis has aroused considerable states only member who has been unable to attend the lectures, and report at aerodrome for instruction, owned and 6.44 came down from the north and had flying experience, with prosended to the state of the state

the flight is only equipped with 600 k/cs, transmitter, with portable ground receiver for army co-operation work. No short-wave gear is being carried, the apparatus svalinble. Thanks to the co-operation from 302 and 204, daily watches have been kept while the flight is staying here with 621, 622, and 542. Many important signais have been himmed to be competed to the flight stay that flight stay the flight stay that flight stay the flight stay that the flight stay that flight stay the flight stay that flight stay the flight stay that flight

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R/9

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